



LORD ABBETT®

SUMMARY PROSPECTUS

Lord Abbett Global Bond Fund

MAY 1, 2019

CLASS/TICKER

CLASS A LAGGX
CLASS C LGFCX
CLASS F..... LGBFX
CLASS F3 LGBX

CLASS I LGBYX
CLASS R2..... LGBQX
CLASS R3..... LGBRX
CLASS R4..... LGBUX

CLASS R5..... LGBVX
CLASS R6..... LGBWX

***Important Information:
Intent to adopt alternate shareholder report delivery
option under SEC Rule 30e-3***

Beginning in February 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Fund's shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Fund or from your financial intermediary, such as a broker-dealer, investment advisor or bank. Instead, the reports will be made available on Lord Abbett's website and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. Shareholders who hold accounts directly with the Fund may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund electronically by signing into your Lord Abbett online account at lordabbett.com and selecting "Log In." For further information, you may also contact the Funds at (800) 821-5129. Shareholders who hold accounts through a financial intermediary should contact them directly.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge by contacting the Fund at (800) 821-5129. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all funds held with Lord Abbett. If your fund shares are held through a financial intermediary please contact them directly. Your election applies to all funds held with that intermediary.

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, which contain more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus, statement of additional information and other information about the Fund at www.lordabbett.com/documentsandliterature. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 888-522-2388 (Option #2) or by sending an email request to literature@lordabbett.com. The current prospectus and statement of additional information dated May 1, 2019, as may be supplemented from time to time, are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund's investment objective is total return.

FEES AND EXPENSES

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and certain members of your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$100,000 in the Lord Abbett Family of Funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in "Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers" on page 146 of the prospectus, Appendix A to the prospectus, titled "Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers," and "Purchases, Redemptions, Pricing, and Payments to Dealers" on page 9-1 of Part II of the statement of additional information ("SAI").

Shareholder Fees⁽¹⁾ <i>(Fees paid directly from your investment)</i>						
Class	A	C	F, F3, I, R2, R3, R4, R5, and R6			
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases <i>(as a percentage of offering price)</i>	2.25%	None	None			
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) <i>(as a percentage of offering price or redemption proceeds, whichever is lower)</i>	None ⁽²⁾	1.00% ⁽³⁾	None			
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>						
Class	A	C	F	F3	I	R2
Management Fees	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.20%	1.00% ⁽⁴⁾	0.10%	None	None	0.60%
Other Expenses	2.14%	2.14%	2.14%	2.12%	2.14%	2.14%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	2.77%	3.57%	2.67%	2.55%	2.57%	3.17%
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ⁽⁵⁾	(1.99)%	(1.99)%	(2.09)% ⁽⁶⁾	(2.09)%	(1.99)%	(1.99)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ⁽⁵⁾	0.78%	1.58%	0.58% ⁽⁶⁾	0.46%	0.58%	1.18%

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (continued)*(Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)*

Class	R3	R4	R5	R6
Management Fees	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.50%	0.25%	None	None
Other Expenses	2.14%	2.14%	2.14%	2.12%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.07%	2.82%	2.57%	2.55%
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ⁽⁵⁾	(1.99)%	(1.99)%	(1.99)%	(2.09)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ⁽⁵⁾	1.08%	0.83%	0.58%	0.46%

⁽¹⁾ A shareholder transacting in share classes without a front-end sales charge may be required to pay a commission to its financial intermediary. Please contact your financial intermediary for more information about whether such a commission may apply to your transaction.

⁽²⁾ A contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") of 1.00% may be assessed on certain Class A shares purchased or acquired without a sales charge if they are redeemed before the first day of the month of the one-year anniversary of the purchase.

⁽³⁾ A CDSC of 1.00% may be assessed on Class C shares if they are redeemed before the first anniversary of their purchase.

⁽⁴⁾ The 12b-1 fee the Fund will pay on Class C shares will be a blended rate calculated based on (i) 1.00% of the Fund's average daily net assets attributable to shares held for less than one year and (ii) 0.80% of the Fund's average daily net assets attributable to shares held for one year or more. All Class C shareholders of the Fund will bear 12b-1 fees at the same rate.

⁽⁵⁾ For the period from August 1, 2018 through April 30, 2020, Lord, Abnett & Co. LLC has contractually agreed to waive its fees and reimburse expenses to the extent necessary to limit total net annual operating expenses, excluding 12b-1 fees and acquired fund fees and expenses, to an annual rate of 0.46% for each of Class F3 and R6 shares and to an annual rate of 0.58% for each other class of shares. This agreement may be terminated only by the Fund's Board of Directors.

⁽⁶⁾ For the period from August 1, 2018 through April 30, 2020, Lord Abnett Distributor LLC has contractually agreed to waive the Fund's 0.10% Rule 12b-1 fee for Class F shares. This agreement may be terminated only by the Fund's Board of Directors.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same, giving effect to the fee waiver and expense reimbursement arrangement described above. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Class	If Shares Are Redeemed				If Shares Are Not Redeemed			
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A Shares	\$303	\$880	\$1,483	\$3,112	\$303	\$880	\$1,483	\$3,112
Class C Shares	\$261	\$910	\$1,680	\$3,705	\$161	\$910	\$1,680	\$3,705
Class F Shares	\$ 59	\$630	\$1,228	\$2,848	\$ 59	\$630	\$1,228	\$2,848
Class F3 Shares	\$ 47	\$593	\$1,167	\$2,728	\$ 47	\$593	\$1,167	\$2,728
Class I Shares	\$ 59	\$609	\$1,186	\$2,755	\$ 59	\$609	\$1,186	\$2,755
Class R2 Shares	\$120	\$791	\$1,486	\$3,338	\$120	\$791	\$1,486	\$3,338
Class R3 Shares	\$110	\$761	\$1,436	\$3,243	\$110	\$761	\$1,436	\$3,243
Class R4 Shares	\$ 85	\$685	\$1,312	\$3,003	\$ 85	\$685	\$1,312	\$3,003
Class R5 Shares	\$ 59	\$609	\$1,186	\$2,755	\$ 59	\$609	\$1,186	\$2,755
Class R6 Shares	\$ 47	\$593	\$1,167	\$2,728	\$ 47	\$593	\$1,167	\$2,728

Portfolio Turnover. The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in the annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the period from July 26, 2018 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2018, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 123% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing across multiple sectors in developed and emerging markets located throughout the world. To pursue its objective, under normal conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in bonds and other fixed income securities and derivative instruments intended to provide economic exposure to such securities.

The Fund’s investments primarily consist of the following types of U.S. and foreign (including emerging market) securities and other financial instruments:

- government securities;
- investment grade fixed income securities;
- mortgage-backed, mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities;
- high-yield fixed income securities (commonly referred to as “below investment grade” or “junk” bonds);
- inflation-linked instruments;

- loans, including bridge loans, novations, assignments, and participations; and
- convertible securities.

Investment grade fixed income securities are rated, at the time of purchase, within the four highest grades assigned by an independent rating agency, or are unrated but determined by Lord, Abnett & Co. LLC (“Lord Abnett”) to be of comparable quality. The Fund may invest in individual securities of any credit quality, maturity, or duration. The Fund may invest without limit in high-yield debt securities (commonly referred to as “below investment grade” or “junk” bonds).

Under normal conditions, the Fund will invest at least 40% of its net assets, unless conditions are deemed to be unfavorable, in which case the Fund will invest at least 30% of its net assets, in securities of issuers economically tied to countries outside the U.S. The Fund will deem an issuer to be economically tied to a non-U.S. country by looking at a number of factors, including its country of domicile, the primary stock exchange on which it trades, the location from which the majority of its revenue comes, and its reporting currency. The Fund normally will invest in companies located in at least three countries outside of the U.S. The Fund may invest a substantial part of its assets in just one country and is not required to allocate its investments in any set percentages in any particular countries. The Fund may hold non-U.S. currencies without holding any bonds or other income-producing securities denominated in those currencies. The Fund may invest in U.S. dollar-denominated or non-U.S. dollar denominated securities without limit.

The Fund may use derivatives to hedge against risk or to gain investment exposure. Currently, the Fund expects to invest in derivatives consisting principally of futures, forwards, options, and swaps. At its discretion, the Fund may engage in a variety of foreign currency related transactions, including entering into forward foreign currency contracts to hedge against foreign currency fluctuations or to gain exposure to foreign currencies. The Fund is not required to hedge its non-dollar investments back to the U.S. dollar through the use of derivatives, but may do so from time to time as part of its strategy. The Fund may use derivatives to seek to enhance returns, to attempt to hedge some of its investment risk, to manage portfolio duration, as a substitute for holding the underlying asset on which the derivative instrument is based, or for cash management purposes.

The portfolio management team selects securities through identification of top-down themes and bottom-up, fundamental research. Top-down analysis includes assessment of global economic and capital market conditions, while bottom-up research includes analysis of an issuer’s management quality, credit risk, relative market position, and industry dynamics. The Fund attempts to reduce risk

through portfolio diversification, credit analysis and attention to current developments and trends in interest rates and economic conditions. The Fund may engage in active and frequent trading of its portfolio securities.

The Fund may sell a security when the Fund believes the security is less likely to benefit from the current market and economic environment, shows signs of deteriorating fundamentals, has reached its valuation target, for duration management purposes, or portfolio management identifies more compelling investment opportunities, among other reasons.

The Fund seeks to remain fully invested in accordance with its investment objective. The Fund may, however, deviate entirely from the investment strategy described above for temporary defensive purposes. The Fund may miss certain investment opportunities if defensive strategies are used and thus may not achieve its investment objective.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

As with any investment in a mutual fund, investing in the Fund involves risk, including the risk that you may receive little or no return on your investment. When you redeem your shares, they may be worth more or less than what you paid for them, which means that you may lose a portion or all of the money you invested in the Fund. The principal risks of investing in the Fund, which could adversely affect its performance, include:

- **Portfolio Management Risk:** If the strategies used and investments selected by the Fund's portfolio management team fail to produce the intended result, the Fund may not achieve its objective. As a result, the Fund may suffer losses or underperform other funds with the same investment objective or strategies, even in a favorable market.
- **Market Risk:** The market values of securities will fluctuate, sometimes sharply and unpredictably, based on overall economic conditions, governmental actions or intervention, political developments and other factors. Although prices of debt securities tend to rise and fall less dramatically than those of equity securities, they may experience heightened volatility.
- **New Fund Risk:** The Fund is recently organized. There can be no assurance that the Fund will reach or maintain a sufficient asset size to effectively implement its investment strategy. In addition, the Fund's gross expense ratio may fluctuate during its initial operating period because of the Fund's relatively smaller asset size and, until the Fund achieves sufficient scale, a Fund shareholder may experience proportionally higher Fund expenses than would be experienced by shareholders of a fund with a larger asset base.

- **Fixed Income Securities Risk:** The Fund is subject to the general risks and considerations associated with investing in debt securities, including the risk that issuers will fail to make timely payments of principal or interest or default altogether. Typically, shorter-term bonds are less volatile than longer-term bonds; however, longer-term bonds typically offer higher yields and more stable interest income than shorter-term bond investments. Lower-rated securities in which the Fund may invest may be more volatile and may decline more in price in response to negative issuer developments or general economic news than higher rated securities. In addition, as interest rates rise, the Fund's investments typically will lose value.
- **Foreign and Emerging Market Company Risk:** Investments in foreign companies and in U.S. companies with economic ties to foreign markets generally involve special risks that can increase the likelihood that the Fund will lose money. For example, as compared with companies organized and operated in the U.S., these companies may be more vulnerable to economic, political, and social instability and subject to less government supervision, lack of transparency, inadequate regulatory and accounting standards, and foreign taxes. In addition, the securities of foreign companies also may be subject to inadequate exchange control regulations, the imposition of economic sanctions or other government restrictions, higher transaction and other costs, reduced liquidity, and delays in settlement to the extent they are traded on non-U.S. exchanges or markets. Emerging market securities generally are more volatile than other foreign securities, and are subject to greater liquidity, regulatory, and political risks. Investments in emerging markets may be considered speculative and generally are riskier than investments in more developed markets because such markets tend to develop unevenly and may never fully develop. Emerging markets are more likely to experience hyperinflation and currency devaluations. Securities of emerging market companies may have far lower trading volumes and less liquidity than securities of issuers in developed markets. Companies with economic ties to emerging markets may be susceptible to the same risks as companies organized in emerging markets.
- **Foreign Currency Risk:** Investments in securities denominated in foreign (including emerging market) currencies are subject to the risk that those currencies will decline in value relative to the U.S. dollar, or, in the case of hedged positions, that the U.S. dollar will decline in value relative to the currency being hedged. A decline in the value of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar will reduce the value of securities that are denominated in those currencies. Foreign currency exchange rates may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time. The risks associated with exposure to emerging market currencies may be heightened in comparison to those associated with exposure to developed market currencies.

- **High-Yield Securities Risk:** High-yield securities (commonly referred to as “junk” bonds) typically pay a higher yield than investment grade securities, but may have greater price fluctuations and have a higher risk of default than investment grade securities. The market for below investment grade securities may be less liquid due to such factors as interest rate sensitivity, negative perceptions of the junk bond markets generally, and less secondary market liquidity. This may make such securities more difficult to sell at an acceptable price, especially during periods of financial distress, increased market volatility, or significant market decline.
- **Credit Risk:** Debt securities are subject to the risk that the issuer or guarantor of a security may not make interest and principal payments as they become due or may default altogether. In addition, if the market perceives a deterioration in the creditworthiness of an issuer, the value and liquidity of bonds issued by that issuer may decline. To the extent that the Fund holds below investment grade securities, these risks may be heightened. Insured debt securities have the credit risk of the insurer in addition to the credit risk of the underlying investment being insured.
- **Interest Rate Risk:** As interest rates rise, prices of bonds (including tax-exempt bonds) generally fall, typically causing the Fund’s investments to lose value. Additionally, rising interest rates or lack of market participants may lead to decreased liquidity in fixed income markets. Interest rate changes typically have a greater effect on the price of fixed income securities with longer durations. A wide variety of market factors can cause interest rates to rise, including central bank monetary policy, rising inflation, and changes in general economic conditions. The Fund will be exposed to heightened interest rate risk as interest rates rise from historically low levels.
- **Liquidity/Redemption Risk:** It may be difficult for the Fund to sell certain securities, including below investment grade securities, in a timely manner and at their stated value, which could result in losses to the Fund. In addition, the Fund may lose money when selling securities at inopportune times to fulfill shareholder redemption requests. The risk of loss may increase depending on the size and frequency of redemption requests, whether the redemption requests occur in times of overall market turmoil or declining prices, and whether the securities the Fund intends to sell have decreased in value or are illiquid. The Fund may be unable to sell illiquid securities at its desired time or price. As noted, the market for below investment grade securities generally is less liquid than the market for higher rated securities, subjecting them to greater price fluctuations. The purchase price and subsequent valuation of illiquid securities normally reflect a discount, which may be significant, from the market price of comparable securities for which a liquid market exists. Illiquidity can be caused by a variety of factors, including economic conditions, events relating to the issuer, a drop in overall

market trading volume, an inability to find a ready buyer, or legal restrictions on the securities' resale. Certain securities that are liquid when purchased may later become illiquid, particularly in times of overall economic distress. Liquidity risk may be magnified in a rising interest rate environment or other circumstances where investor redemptions from fixed income mutual funds may be higher than normal, causing increased supply in the market due to selling activity.

- **Industry and Sector Risk:** Although the Fund does not employ an industry or sector focus, its exposure to specific industries or sectors will increase from time to time based on the portfolio management team's perception of investment opportunities. If the Fund overweights a single industry or sector relative to its benchmark index, the Fund will face an increased risk that the value of its portfolio will decrease because of events disproportionately affecting that industry or sector. Furthermore, investments in particular industries or sectors may be more volatile than the broader market as a whole.
- **Government Securities Risk:** The Fund invests in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies and instrumentalities (such as the Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae"), or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac")). Unlike Ginnie Mae securities, securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. Government-related organizations such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government and no assurance can be given that the U.S. Government would provide financial support.
- **Mortgage-Related and Other Asset-Backed Securities Risk:** Mortgage-related securities, including commercial mortgage-backed securities and other privately issued mortgage-related securities, and other asset-backed securities may be particularly sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including delinquencies and/or defaults, and changes in prevailing interest rates. The prices of mortgage- and asset-backed securities, depending on their structure and the rate of payments, can be volatile. They are subject to prepayment risk (higher than expected prepayment rates of mortgage obligations due to a fall in market interest rates) and extension risk (lower than expected prepayment rates of mortgage obligations due to a rise in market interest rates). These risks increase the Fund's overall interest rate risk. Some mortgage-related securities receive government or private support, but there is no assurance that such support will remain in place.
- **Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk:** Commercial mortgage-backed securities include securities that reflect an interest in, and are secured by, mortgage loans on commercial real property. Many of the risks of investing in commercial mortgage-backed securities reflect the risks of

investing in the real estate securing the underlying mortgage loans. These risks reflect the effects of local and other economic conditions on real estate markets, the ability of tenants to make loan payments, and the ability of a property to attract and retain tenants. Commercial mortgage-backed securities may be less liquid and exhibit greater price volatility than other types of mortgage- or asset-backed securities.

- **Convertible Securities Risk:** Convertible securities are subject to the risks affecting both equity and fixed income securities, including market, credit, liquidity, and interest rate risk. Convertible securities tend to be more volatile than other fixed income securities, and the markets for convertible securities may be less liquid than markets for common stocks or bonds. To the extent that the Fund invests in convertible securities, and the convertible security's investment value is greater than its conversion value, its price will likely increase when interest rates fall and decrease when interest rates rise. If the conversion value exceeds the investment value, the price of the convertible security will tend to fluctuate directly with the price of the underlying equity security. A significant portion of convertible securities have below investment grade credit ratings and are subject to increased credit and liquidity risks.
- **Inflation-Linked Investments Risk:** Unlike traditional fixed income securities, the principal and interest payments of inflation-linked investments are adjusted periodically based on the inflation rate. The value of the Fund's inflation-linked investments may be vulnerable to changes in expectations of inflation or interest rates and there is no guarantee that the Fund's use of these instruments will be successful.
- **Loan Risk:** Investments in floating rate or adjustable rate loans are subject to increased credit and liquidity risks. Loan prices also may be adversely affected by supply-demand imbalances caused by conditions in the loan market or related markets. The Fund may invest primarily in loans that are rated below investment grade by an independent rating agency or, if unrated, deemed by Lord Abbett to be the equivalent of below investment grade securities. Below investment grade loans, like high-yield debt securities, or junk bonds, usually are more credit sensitive than interest rate sensitive, although the value of these instruments may be affected by interest rate swings in the overall fixed income market. Loans may be subject to structural subordination and, although the loans may be senior to equity and other debt securities in the borrower's capital structure, the loans may be subordinated to other obligations of the borrower or its subsidiaries.
- **Sovereign Debt Risk:** Sovereign debt securities are subject to the risk that the relevant sovereign government or governmental entity may delay or refuse to pay interest or repay principal on its debt, due, for example, to cash flow problems, insufficient foreign currency reserves, political considerations,

the size of its debt relative to the economy, or the failure to put in place economic reforms required by the International Monetary Fund or other multilateral agencies. If a sovereign government or governmental entity defaults, it may ask for maturity extensions, interest rate reductions, or additional loans. There is no legal process for collecting sovereign debt that is not repaid, nor are there bankruptcy proceedings through which all or part of the unpaid sovereign debt may be collected.

- **Derivatives Risk:** The risks associated with derivatives may be different from and greater than the risks associated with directly investing in securities and other investments. Derivatives may increase the Fund's volatility and reduce its returns. The risks associated with derivatives include, among other things, the following:
 - The risk that the value of a derivative may not correlate with the value of the underlying asset, rate, or index in the manner anticipated by the portfolio management team and may be more sensitive to changes in economic or market conditions than anticipated.
 - Derivatives may be difficult to value, especially under stressed or unforeseen market conditions.
 - The risk that the counterparty may fail to fulfill its contractual obligations under the derivative contract. Central clearing of derivatives is intended to decrease counterparty risk but does not eliminate it.
 - The Fund may be required to segregate permissible liquid assets to cover its obligations under these transactions and may have to liquidate positions before it is desirable to do so to fulfill its segregation requirements.
 - The risk that there will not be a liquid secondary trading market for the derivative, or that the Fund will otherwise be unable to sell or otherwise close a derivatives position when desired, exposing the Fund to additional losses.
 - Because derivatives generally involve a small initial investment relative to the risk assumed (known as leverage), derivatives can magnify the Fund's losses and increase its volatility.
 - The Fund's use of derivatives may affect the amount, timing, and character of distributions, and may cause the Fund to realize more short-term capital gain and ordinary income than if the Fund did not use derivatives.

Derivatives may not perform as expected and the Fund may not realize the intended benefits. Whether the Fund's use of derivatives is successful will depend on, among other things, the portfolio managers' ability to correctly forecast market movements and other factors. If the portfolio managers incorrectly forecast these and other factors, the Fund's performance could

suffer. In addition, given their complexity, derivatives are subject to the risk that improper or misunderstood documentation may expose the Fund to losses.

- **Geographic Focus Risk:** Although the Fund does not have a specific geographic focus, from time to time, to the extent the Fund invests in securities of issuers in a particular country or geographic region, the Fund may be more exposed to risks affecting that particular country or region. As a result, adverse economic, political, and regulatory conditions affecting that country or region (and their political subdivisions, agencies, instrumentalities, and public authorities) are likely to affect the Fund's performance.
- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk:** High portfolio turnover may result in increased transaction costs, reduced investment performance, and higher taxes resulting from increased realized capital gains, including short-term capital gains, distributions from which are taxable as ordinary income to shareholders when distributed.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. For more information on the principal risks of the Fund, please see the "More Information About the Fund—Principal Risks" section in the prospectus.

PERFORMANCE

This prospectus does not show performance information for the Fund because the Fund is recently organized and has not completed a full calendar year of performance since it commenced operations on July 26, 2018. Performance for the Fund, which provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund, will vary from year to year. After the Fund begins investment operations, updated performance information will be available at www.lordabbett.com or by calling 888-522-2388.

MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser. The Fund's investment adviser is Lord Abbett.

Portfolio Managers.

Portfolio Manager/Title	Member of the Portfolio Management Team Since
Andrew H. O'Brien, Partner and Portfolio Manager	2018
Steven F. Rocco, Partner and Director of Taxable Fixed Income	2018
Kewjin Yuoh, Partner and Portfolio Manager	2018
Leah G. Traub, Partner and Portfolio Manager	2018
Annika M. Lombardi, Portfolio Manager	2019

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The minimum initial and additional amounts shown below vary depending on the class of shares you buy and the type of account. Certain financial intermediaries may impose different restrictions than those described below. For Class I shares, the minimum investment shown below applies to certain types of institutional investors, but does not apply to registered investment advisers or retirement and benefit plans otherwise eligible to invest in Class I shares. See “Choosing a Share Class – Investment Minimums” in the prospectus for more information.

Investment Minimums — Initial/Additional Investments				
Class	A and C ⁽¹⁾	F, R2, R3, R4, R5, and R6	F3	I
General and IRAs without Invest-A-Matic Investments	\$1,000/No minimum	N/A	No minimum	\$1 million/No minimum
Invest-A-Matic Accounts ⁽²⁾	\$250/\$50	N/A	No minimum	N/A
IRAs, SIMPLE and SEP Accounts with Payroll Deductions	No minimum	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fee-Based Advisory Programs and Retirement and Benefit Plans	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum
⁽¹⁾ There is no investment minimum for Class A shares purchased by investors maintaining an account with a financial intermediary that has entered into an agreement with Lord Abbett Distributor LLC to offer Class A shares through a load-waived network or platform, which may or may not charge transaction fees. ⁽²⁾ There is no minimum initial investment for Invest-A-Matic accounts held directly with the Fund, including IRAs.				

You may sell (redeem) shares through your securities broker, financial professional or financial intermediary on any business day the Fund calculates its net asset value (“NAV”). If you have direct account access privileges, you may

redeem your shares by contacting the Fund in writing at P.O. Box 219336, Kansas City, MO 64121, by calling 888-522-2388 or by accessing your account online at www.lordabbett.com.

TAX INFORMATION

A Fund's distributions, if any, generally are taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains or a combination of the two, unless you are a tax-exempt investor or investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. Any withdrawals from such a tax-advantaged arrangement may be taxable to you.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and the Fund's distributor or its affiliates may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your individual financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your individual financial professional or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.



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